





7B Reproduction

- Human sex cells and systems
- Ovulation, fertilization and implantation
- Embryo development and birth
- (Puberty
- Summary activities







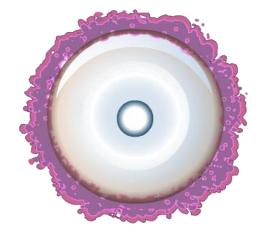
Human reproduction



Reproduction is one of the seven life processes. All living things reproduce.

Humans use sexual reproduction to produce their young.

In order to do this, the two parents (male and female) have different reproductive systems and organs that produce different sex cells.





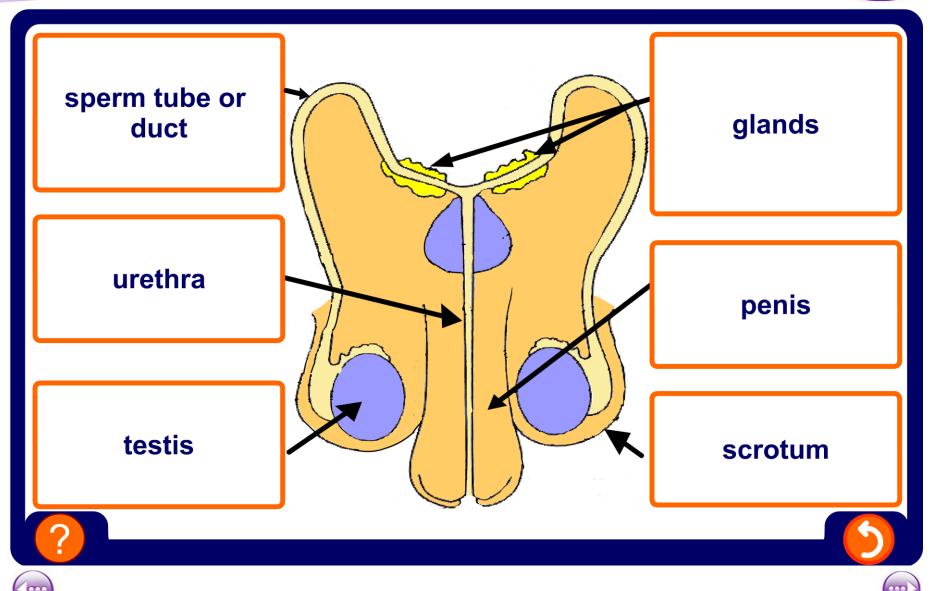






The male reproductive system

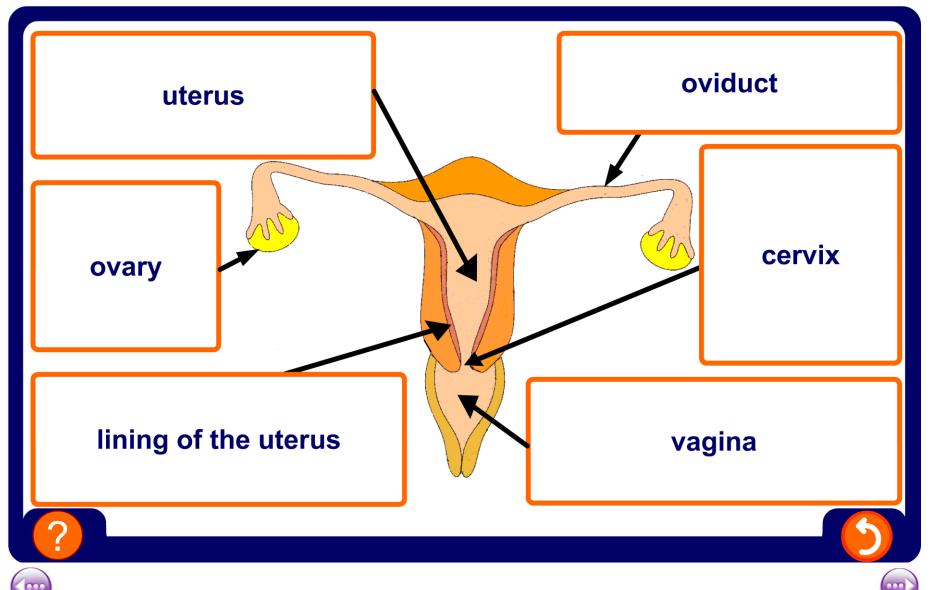






The female reproductive system









Are these parts of the human reproductive system male or female?

Male Female

? | 7

?

?

? ?

oviduct

scrotum

testis

cervix

uterus

sperm duct

prostate gland

ovary



solve









Reproductive system



What do the different parts of the human reproductive systems do?

ovary

?

produce sperm

testes =

?

carry sperm out of the body

urethra

add fluid to sperm

oviduct

carry eggs to the uterus

sperm duct

produce eggs

glands

4

carry sperm from the testes

scrotum

•

protect the testes

?



solve





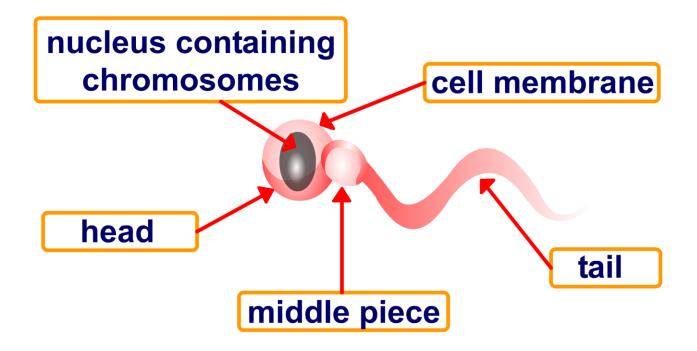


Sex cells – sperm



In males, the sex cells are called sperm.

Sperm are produced in sex organs called testes.





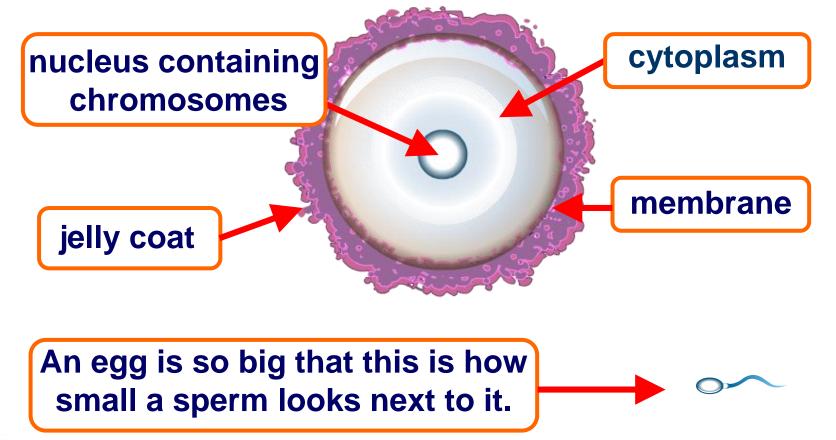






In females, the sex cells are called eggs.

Eggs are produced in sex organs called ovaries.











Which adaptations do sperm cells and egg cells have?

specially strengthened head

only a few produced

unable to move

small and streamlined

contains chemicals to break through things

millions produced

large

swims with a tail

contains large food stores













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Ovulation and fertilization

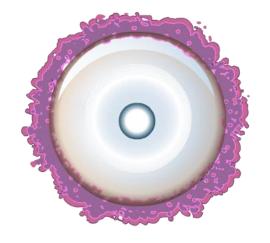


In the female, one of the ovaries produces an egg every 28 days. This is called **ovulation**.

During sexual intercourse millions of sperm are **ejaculated** into the vagina.

If a sperm meets the egg, the sperm's nucleus can join with the egg's nucleus.

This fusing of the nuclei is called fertilization.





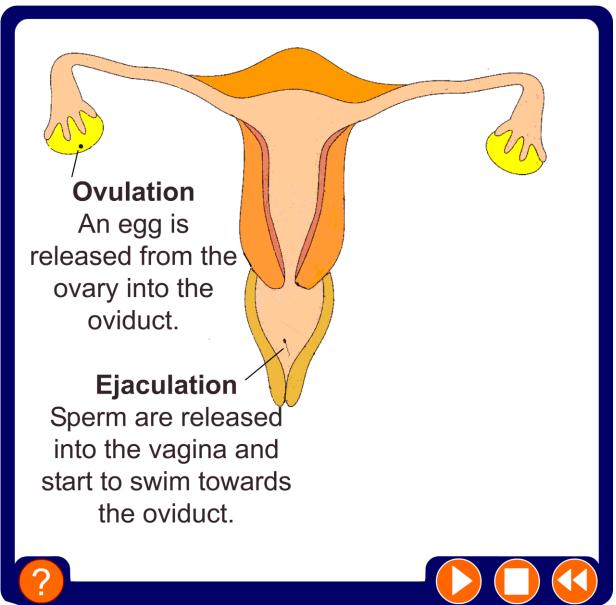






Fertilization and implantation











Word check – reproduction processes



What are the definitions of the processes involved in reproduction?

ejaculation

The release of an egg from the ovary.

ovulation

When the egg and the sperm nuclei fuse.

fertilization

The ejection of sperm through the penis.

implantation

The embryo sinks into the uterus lining.













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How does an embryo get food and oxygen and how does it get rid of waste?



An embryo forms a plate-like structure called the placenta.

The umbilical cord joins the fetus to the placenta.

In the placenta, food and oxygen diffuse from the mother's blood into the blood of the fetus.

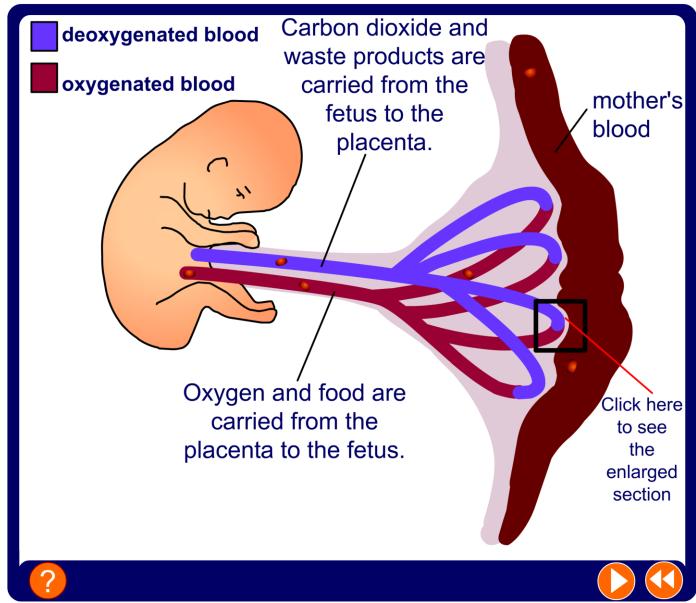
Carbon dioxide and waste products diffuse from the blood of the fetus to the mother's blood.





The placenta











From embryo to fetus



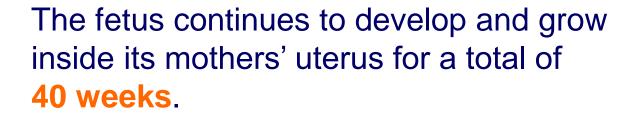
In the earliest stages of development, a human baby is called an embryo.



After the first eight weeks of pregnancy, a human embryo is then called a fetus.



At this stage the fetus has all the main human features.





What happens next?







From embryo to fetus – animation



The development of the embryo

at 4 weeks

The embryo is just 2 mm long.
Its heart is as big as a poppy seed and has begun beating.



The **embryo** is surrounded by a membrane called the **amnion**. This sac contains a liquid which protects and cushions the embryo.

next







From embryo to fetus – activity



What is the correct order for these stages of pregnancy?

4 weeks The embryo is 2 mm long and its heart is beating.

8 weeks The embryo is called a fetus and has human features.

3 months The fetus is 7 cm long and all body parts are in place.

5 months The fetus is growing hair, nails and eyelashes.

7 months The fetus is 30 cm long and its brain is very active.

40 weeks The fetus is fully developed and ready to be born.

















Eventually these become stronger and happen more often. The amnion breaks and the fluid escapes.

The muscles of the uterus wall contract very strongly and start to push the baby out.













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Human children are born with a complete set of sex organs. However, they do not become active until between the ages of 10 and 18.

In males, the testes start to make sperm in boys and in females, the ovaries start to release eggs.

This stage of development is called **puberty**.

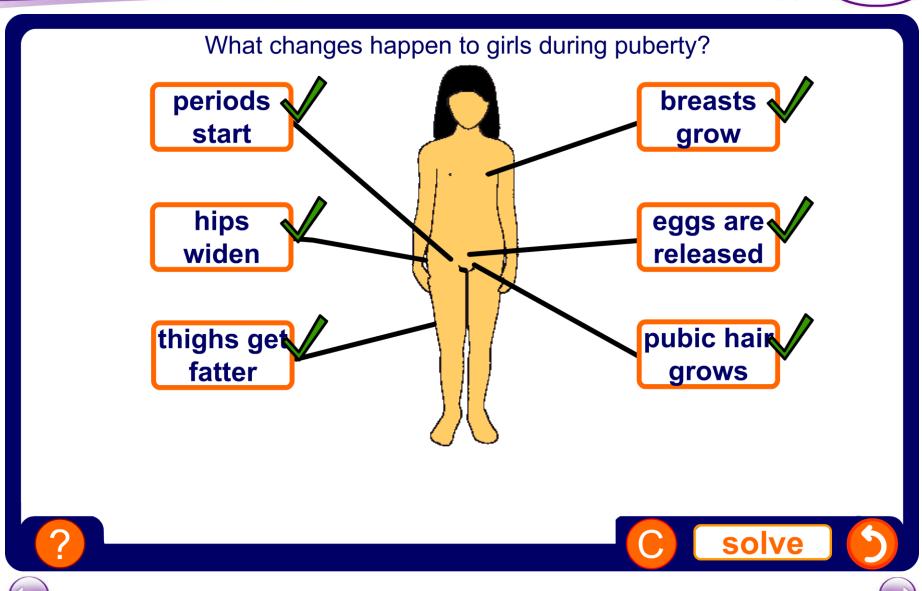
During this important period, many changes take place in the bodies of young men and women.





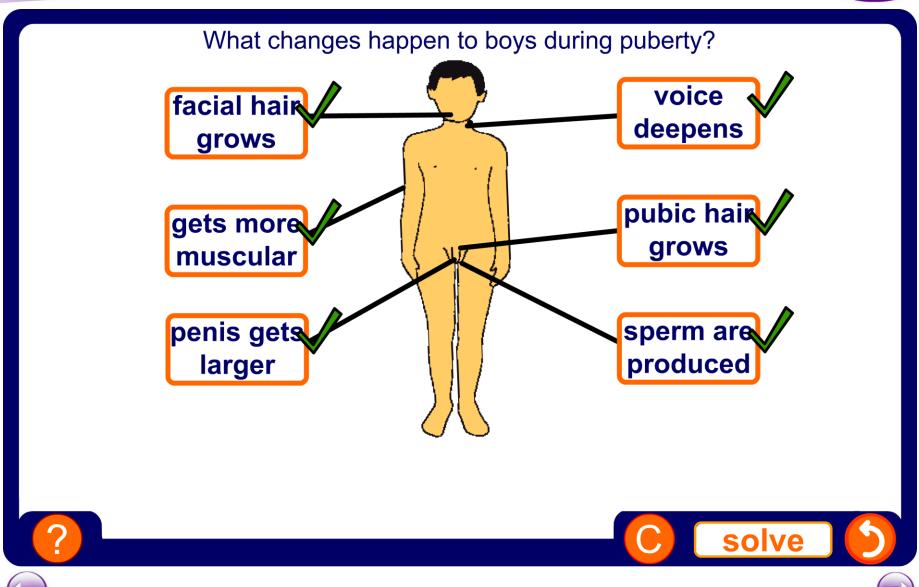
















- Male puberty happens due to the hormone Testosterone
- Female puberty happens due to the hormone Oestrogen.









An important part of puberty for girls is the beginning of their monthly cycle. This is known as the **menstrual cycle**.

The menstrual cycle involves the preparation of the uterus lining so that it is able to receive a fertilized egg.

If an egg is fertilized, it can implant itself in the prepared uterus lining.

If it is not fertilized, the lining of the uterus breaks down and is lost from the body. This is called **menstruation** or a period.







The menstrual cycle



Stage 1

Bleeding starts as the lining of the uterus breaks down and passes out of the vagina.



Day 1

Press to go to Stage 2

Press to go to Stage 3

Press to go to Stage 4

Press to go to next cycle

Press to go back to Stage 1











- Puberty is when the body begins to change.
- These changes are caused by Hormones.
- The male hormone is Testosterone .
- Female Oestrogen causes ______ menstruation to start.
- Menstruation happens every <u>28</u> days.

Puberty 28 Menstruation Testosterone Hormones









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- egg The female sex cell.
- embryo The first two months of development of a baby.
- fertilization When the egg and sperm nuclei fuse.
- menstruation The monthly cycle in females.
- ovary The part of the female reproductive system that produces eggs.
- ovulation The release of an eggs from the ovary.
- placenta The structure made by an embryo to obtain food and oxygen from its mother.
- puberty The time when sex organs begin to work.
- sperm The male sex cell.
- testis The part of the male reproductive system that produces sperm.







How quickly can you unscramble anagrams of words about

reproduction?

Click start for the first of ten anagrams.

start









Multiple-choice quiz



